### Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

			2 of 1968, as		nd P.A. 71 of 1919	, as amended	,				
Local Unit of Government Type				Local Unit Name	9		County				
-	Coun		City	<b>X</b> Twp	□Village	Other	NOTTAWA	TOWNSHIP		St. Joseph	
100000	al Yea		200		Opinion Date	The second secon					
June 30, 2006 August 15				August 13	0, 2006		September 18, 20	JU6			
We a	affirm	that	:								
					s licensed to p		-				
					erial, "no" resp ments and rec			ed in the financial state	ments, inclu	ding the notes, or in the	
	S Check each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)										
1.	X				ed component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in th entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.						
2.	X							nit's unreserved fund ba udget for expenditures.	lances/unres	stricted net assets	
3.	X		The local	unit is in o	compliance wi	th the Unifo	orm Chart of Ad	counts issued by the D	epartment o	f Treasury.	
4.	X		The local	unit has a	adopted a bud	get for all re	equired funds.				
5.	X		A public	hearing on	the budget w	as held in a	accordance wit	h State statute.			
6.	X						Finance Act, a and Finance D		ne Emergend	y Municipal Loan Act, or	
7.	X		The local	unit has r	not been deling	quent in dis	tributing tax re	venues that were collect	ted for anoth	ner taxing unit.	
8.	X		The local	unit only	holds deposits	/investmen	its that comply	with statutory requirem	ents.		
9.	X				s no illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the Bulletin for nits of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).						
10.	10. There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity that not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.										
11.	X		The local	unit is fre	e of repeated	comments	from previous	years.			
12.	X		The audi	t opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	ED.					
13.	X				complied with one of the complied with one of the complied with th		r GASB 34 as	modified by MCGAA St	atement #7 a	and other generally	
14.	X		The boar	d or counc	cil approves all	l invoices p	rior to paymen	t as required by charter	or statute.		
15.	X		To our kr	nowledge,	bank reconcili	ations that	were reviewed	were performed timely			
incl des	uded cripti	in t on(s	his or any ) of the au	other aud thority and	dit report, nor /or commissio	do they o n.		alone audit, please en		ne audited entity and is not me(s), address(es), and a	
We	hav	e en	closed the	following	g:	Enclosed	Not Required	(enter a brief justification)			
Fin	ancia	al Sta	itements			x					
The letter of Comments and Recommendations				ommendations		No commer	nts and recommendation	ns			
Other (Describe)											
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)								Telephone Number			
Norman & Paulsen, P.C.							269-651-3228				
Street Address 127 W. Chicago Road							City Sturgis	State MI	<sup>Zip</sup> 49091		
Aut	Authorizing CPA Signature  CPA				80.00	inted Name License Number flichael R Wilson 1101017570					

ST. JOSEPH COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2006

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-7
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	8
Statement of Activities	9
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	10
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	14
Notes to Financial Statements	15-25
Required Supplemental Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:	
General Fund	26
Library Fund	27

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### (Continued)

	PAGE
Other Supplemental Information	
Governmental Fund Types	
General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	28
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	29
Special Revenue Funds Library Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	30
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	31
Fiduciary Fund Types	
Agency Funds	
Tax Collection Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	32
Statement of Changes in Assets	
and Liabilities	33



Norman & Paulsen, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

127 W. Chicago Road Sturgis, MI 49091 269.651.3228 Fax 269.651.5146 E-mail normanpaulsen@charter.net

Other Location: 123 N. Main Street Three Rivers, MI 49093 269 273 8641 Fax 269.278.8252 E-mail nptr@npaccounting.com

Donald L. Paulsen, CPA Patrick J. Monahan, CPA Bruce S. A. Gosling, CPA Michael R. Wilson, CPA Rick L. Strawser, CPA Jerrel T. Norman (1941-1982) August 15, 2006

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Supervisor and Members of the Township Board Township of Nottawa St. Joseph County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nottawa Township, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Nottawa Township, Michigan, management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nottawa Township, Michigan, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required However, we did not audit the supplementary information. information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Nottawa Township's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. Norman & Paulson, P.C.

Our discussion and analysis of the Nottawa Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights

The Township's net assets increased \$10,427 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, which represents 1.1 percent of the net asset position at the beginning of the year.

The Township's Governmental Funds reflected a total fund balance at June 30, 2006 of \$599,117, which was an increase of \$9,497 from the prior year end. The General Fund fund balance decreased by \$27,526 to \$237,809 and the Library Fund fund balance increased by \$37,023 to \$361,308.

The total Governmental Funds expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2006, amounted to \$549,298, of which \$304,463 (55 percent) was for general government, \$71,525 (13 percent) was for public safety, \$5,218 (1 percent) was for public works, and \$168,092 (31 percent) was for recreation and cultural.

#### Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Township's overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting individual Township operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

- \* The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains available for future spending.
- \* Proprietary fund statements offer short-and-long-term financial information about activities the Township operates like private businesses. The Township does not have any proprietary funds.
- \* Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

#### Reporting the Township as a Whole

Our analysis of the Township as a whole begins on page 5. One of the most important questions asked about the Township's finances is, "Is the Township as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information about the Township as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two statements mentioned above, report the Township's net assets and changes in them. The reader can think of the Township's net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the Township's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Township's property tax base and the condition of the Township's capital assets (buildings and equipment) to assess the overall health of the Township.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Township is divided into two kinds of activities:

- \* Governmental activities Most of the Township's basic services are reported here, including public safety and general administration. Property taxes and state shared revenues finance most of these activities.
- \* Business-type activities The Township charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services provided. The Township has no business-type activities.

#### Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 6. The fund financial statements begin on page 10 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Township as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by loan covenants. However, the Township board has established several other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The Township has the following kinds of funds:

#### Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds - Continued

- \* Governmental funds Most of the Township's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Township's general governmental operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Township's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and the governmental funds in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.
- \* Fiduciary funds The Township is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The Township is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the Township's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. We exclude these activities from the Township's government-wide financial statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance it's operations.

#### The Township as a Whole

The Township's combined net assets increased from a year ago, from \$922,351 to \$932,778. This was a result of maintaining low operating costs. The Township's total net asset position continues to remain strong. In a condensed format, the table below shows key financial information:

#### The Township as a Whole - Continued

Net assets as of June 30, 2006 and 2005:	2006	2005
net assets as of dune 30, 2000 and 2003.		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 620,873 333,661	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total assets	954 <b>,</b> 534	935,143
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities		
Total liabilities	21,756	12,792
Net assets Invested in capital assets net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	333,661 6,150 592,967	4,859
Total net assets	<u>\$ 932,778</u>	\$ 922,351
Changes in net assets as of June 30, 2006 a	and 2005:	
	2006	2005
Revenues		
Program revenues Charges for services General revenues	\$ 46,206	41,549
Property taxes State shared revenues Interest Other	241,212 179,421 10,281 81,674	176,968 8,454
Total revenues	558 <b>,</b> 794	542,660
Expenses General government Public safety Public works Recreation and cultural	300,349 71,525 5,218 171,275	58,621 12,300
Total expenses	548,367	540,957
Change in net assets	\$ 10 <b>,</b> 427	\$ 1,703

#### Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

At the end of fiscal year 2006, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$599,117 which is \$9,497 more than last year. The General Fund reflected a fund balance of \$237,809 which is \$27,526 less than the previous fund balance of \$265,335. The fund balance decrease was primarily the result of construction of a parking lot next to the Township Hall for \$14,050 and legal fees concerning zoning for \$29,715. The Library Fund reflected a fund balance of \$361,308 which is \$37,023 more than the previous fund balance of \$324,285.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Township Board amended the General Fund budget several times. Budgeted expenditures were increased by \$32,637 to better reflect capital outlay projects and legal fees. After these budget amendments, actual expenditures were \$47,524 below final budgeted amounts.

#### Library Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Library Board amended the Library Fund budget several times. Total budgeted expenditures remained unchanged. Actual expenditures were \$25,708 below final budgeted amounts.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - At June 30, 2006, the Township had \$333,661 invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, and various equipment. Additional information on capital assets can be found in note 5 on page 26 of the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt - The Township has no debt obligations.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Township's budget for 2006 calls for a small increase in property taxes due to the limited allowed property value increases (the lesser of inflation or 5%). The Township also projects that State Shared Revenue will increase about 2% compared with a 2% increase experienced during 2005-2006.

#### Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Clerk's office.



### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Capital assets - net	\$ 544,478 56,572 19,523 333,661
Total assets	954,534
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Deferred revenue	15,736 4,620 1,400
Total liabilities	21,756
NET ASSETS	
<pre>Invested in capital assets,   net of related debt Restricted - other purposes Unrestricted</pre>	333,661 6,150 592,967
Total net assets	\$ 932,778

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Program An	evenues d Changes <u>Net Assets</u>
<u> </u>	ernmental tivities
Primary government General government Public safety Public works Recreation and cultural  Solution and service states and service states are service states as a service state and service states are service states as a service state and service states are service states as a service state are service states are servi	(286,811) (41,858) (5,218) (168,274)
Total primary <u>\$ 548,367</u> <u>\$ 46,206</u> <u>\$</u>	(502 <b>,</b> 161)
General revenues: Property taxes State shared revenues Interest income Miscellaneous	241,212 179,421 10,281 81,674
Total general revenues	512,588
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	10,427
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR  NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR  \$	922,351 932,778



#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2006

	 General Fund	 Library Fund	Go <sup>.</sup>	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 201,472 297 - 30,887	\$ 343,006 - - 25,388	\$	544,478 297 - 56,275
Prepaid expenditures  Total assets	\$ 19,823 252,479	\$ 368,394	\$	19,823 620,873
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governmental units Deferred revenue  Total liabilities	\$ 14,165 505 - - - 14,670	\$ 1,571 4,115 - - 1,400 7,086	\$	15,736 4,620 - - 1,400 21,756
FUND BALANCE Reserved for Special assessments Unreserved Designated for fire protection Undesignated	6,150 60,000 171,659	 - - 361,308		6,150 60,000 532,967
Total fund balance	 237,809	 361,308		599,117
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 252 <b>,</b> 479	\$ <u> 368,394</u>	\$	620 <b>,</b> 873

See accompanying notes to financial statements

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2006

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 599,117
Amounts reported for governmental activit not financial resources and therefore a reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 586,216 (252,555)	 333,661
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 932,778

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

		General Fund		Library Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES			<u> </u>			_
Property taxes Tax administration fees	\$	87,132 27,397	\$	154 <b>,</b> 080 -	\$	241,212 27,397
SET collection fee Maint. Fee - Metro Act		6,068 3,744		- -		6,068 3,744
State revenue sharing Licenses, permits, and fines		174,193 23,015		5,228 20,767		179,421 43,782
Charges for services Interest income		20,190		3,001 5,615		23,191 10,281
Special assessments Miscellaneous		2,425 4,850		16,424		2,425 21,274
Total revenues		353,680		205,115		558,795
EXPENDITURES						
General government Public safety		304,463 71,525		<del>-</del>		304,463 71,525
Public works Recreation and cultural		5 <b>,</b> 218		- 168,092		5,218 168,092
Total expenditures		381,206		168,092		549 <b>,</b> 298
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditu	ıres	(27,526)		37 <b>,</b> 023		9,497
		265 225		204 205		F00 600
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	r	<u> 265,335</u>		324 <b>,</b> 285	-	589 <b>,</b> 620
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$	237,809	\$	361,308	\$	599,117

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 9,497

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Expenditures for capital assets 44,264
Depreciation expense (43,334)

Change in net assets of governmental activities \$\frac{\$}{20,427}\$

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

ASSETS		Tax Fund
Cash	<u>\$</u>	297
LIABILITIES		
Due to other funds	\$	297

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Nottawa Township, St. Joseph County, Michigan conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to townships. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The more significant accounting policies establishing GAAP and used by the Township are discussed below.

#### Reporting Entity

The Township was organized in 1830. The Township operates under a Board of Trustees consisting of a Supervisor, Treasurer, Clerk and two Trustees. The services rendered to residents include public safety, highways and streets, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, GASB 14, these financial statements present the Township (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the Township is considered to be financially accountable. There are no component units to be included in these financial statements.

Basis of Accounting - Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling-up" revenues and expenses. The Township does not have any business-type activities or internal service fund activity.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Some functions, such as administrative and financial services include expenses that are, in essence, indirect expenses of other functions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Township.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Basis of Accounting - Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Township or meets the following criteria:

\* Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

\* Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The Township does not have any proprietary funds or internal service funds.

The Township reports the following major funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Township. The fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state shared revenues and charges for services.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Library Fund - To account for the special tax millage levied by the township for operation of the library department.

The following is a description of two major categories and various fund types within those categories into which the funds are grouped:

Governmental Fund - All governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Revenue Recognition - "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Township considers property taxes, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for sales and services as susceptible to accrual if the amount was due on or before fiscal year end and collection was within two months of year end. Reimbursements due for expenditure-driven grants are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made. All other revenue is recognized as payments are received.

Expenditure Recognition - The measurement focus of governmental accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The following is a description of the governmental fund types of the Township:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Township. The fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state shared revenues and charges for services.

**Special Revenue Funds** - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments and major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fiduciary Funds (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Township programs.

Agency Funds - Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for the general and special revenue funds. The Township adopts its budget in accordance with Public Act 621, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, which mandates an annual budget process and an annual appropriation act to implement the budget. The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- \* Prior to June 30, the Township Board reviews a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- \* Public hearings are conducted at the Township hall to obtain public comments.
- \* Prior to June 30th the budget and annual appropriations act are legally adopted by the Township Board.
- \* Formal budget integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds.
- \* Budgetary control is exercised at the department level in the general fund, and at the total expenditure or "fund" level for the special revenue funds. Similarly, the Township's "appropriation centers" are defined at the department level in the general fund and at the total expenditure or "fund" level for the special revenue funds.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- \* Budget transfers between appropriation centers or changes to appropriation center totals require formal amendment by the Township Board. Budgets for the current year are carefully reviewed throughout the year for any revisions of estimates. The legislative body amends the general appropriation act as soon as it becomes apparent this action is necessary.
- \* All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the year.
- \* Budgets as presented for the governmental funds are prepared on the modified accrual basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

**Deposits and Investments** - Statutes authorize the primary government and component units to invest in the following:

- \* In bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States or agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- \* In certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, a saving and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration.
- \* In commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- \* In United States government of federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- \* In banker's acceptances of United States banks.
- \* In obligations of this state or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- \* In mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Receivables and Payables - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/due from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Property taxes are levied on December 1 and payable without penalty in one installment before February 28. Township property taxes are recognized as revenue (and become available for appropriation) in the period for which they are levied. The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the county and school districts in the Township. Collections of all the taxes and remittance of them to the other taxing authorities are accounted for in the current tax fund.

The 2005 taxable value of the Township totaled \$94,892,990, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .89060 mills for the general operation of the Township and 1.67350 mills for library operation.

**Prepaid Items** - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets and Depreciation - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost of purchase or construction. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are also capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

	Depreciable _Life-Years_
Land improvements	15
Buildings and improvements	15-40
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5-10
Furniture and other	5-10

**Fund Equity** - In the fund statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township's deposits and investments are included on the balance sheet under the following classifications:

	Primary <u>Government</u>			
Statement of Net Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets:	\$	544,478		
Cash		297		
Total	\$	544,775		
Deposits and Investments: Bank deposits (checking accounts and				
savings accounts) Certificates of deposit	\$	380,518 164,257		
Total	\$	544,775		

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

**Deposits** - The deposits of the Township were reflected in the accounts of the bank (without recognition of checks written but not yet cleared or of deposits in transit) at approximately \$515,125. Of that amount, approximately \$422,967 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$92,158 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution it deposits Township Funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

#### NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables in the governmental activities are 100 percent due from other governments and 0 percent accounts receivable.

Accounts receivable in the governmental activities are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of -0-.

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at

#### NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

June 3	30, 20	06:					
	Fı	und	Receiv	able _	F	und	 <u>Payable</u>
Due f	rom/to	other fund	<u>s</u>				
Gei	neral		\$	<u> </u>	Agen	cy-Tax	\$ 

The Due From/To Other Fund balances resulted from temporary loans to cover cash short falls in a given fund.

## NOTTAWA TOWNSHIP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2006
Primary Government	2005	Additions	DISPOSATS	2006
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$	17,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,250
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements Buildings and	32,265	14,050	_	46,315
improvements	148,360	-	-	148,360
Machinery and equipment Vehicle	70,379 17,390	3 <b>,</b> 576	- -	73,955 17,390
Furniture and other	266,958	26,638	10,650	<u> 282,946</u>
Subtotal	535,352	44,264	10,650	568,966
Accumulated depreciation	n			
Land improvements Buildings and	3,914	2,932	-	6,846
improvements Machinery and	49,453	3,834	_	53,287
equipment Vehicles Furniture and	57 <b>,</b> 125 145	6,935 1,739	<del>-</del> -	64,060 1,884
other	109,234	27,894	10,650	126,478
Subtotal _	219,871	43,334	10,650	252 <b>,</b> 555
Net capital assets being depreciated _	315,481			316,411
Net capital assets <u>\$</u>	332,731			\$ 333,661

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 9 <b>,</b> 937
Recreation and culture	 33,397
Total	\$ 43,334

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Township has purchased commercial insurance for most risks of loss to which it is exposed. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

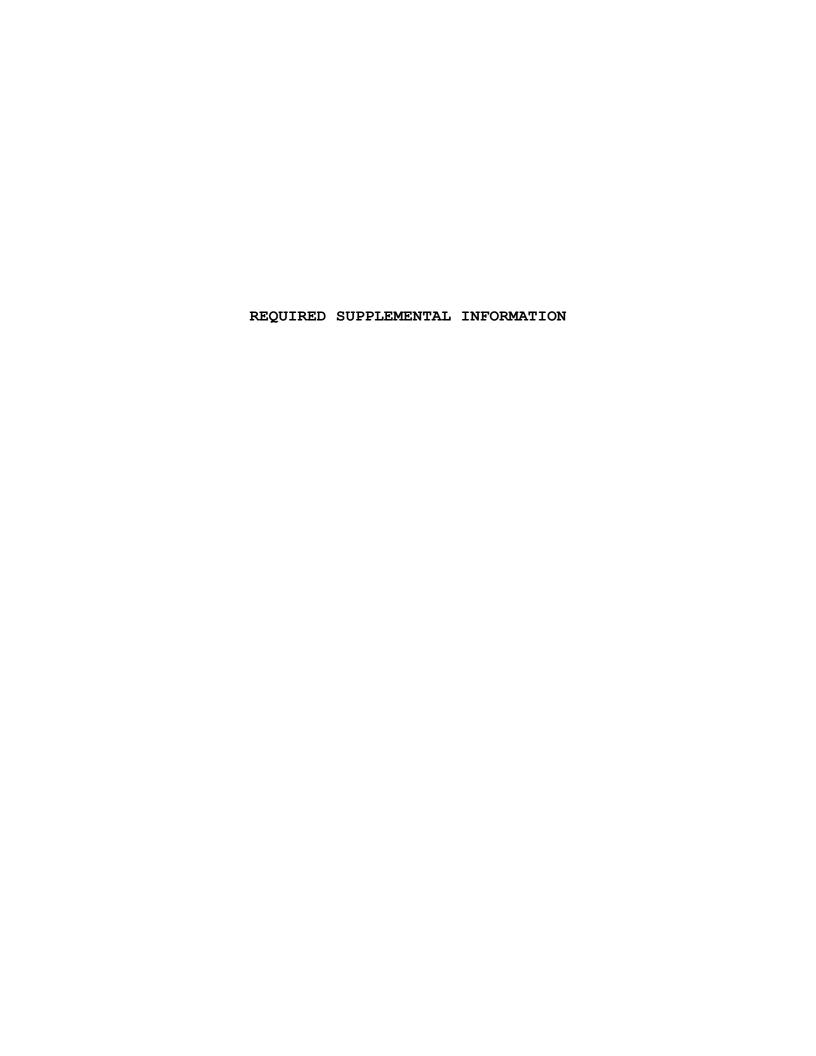
#### NOTE 7 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The annual budget is adopted by the Township Board and subsequent amendments are approved by the Township Board. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

State statutes provide that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The approved budgets of the Township were adopted on a fund level basis.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Township incurred no expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated at the legal level of budgetary control.



## NOTTAWA TOWNSHIP REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION GENERAL FUND

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

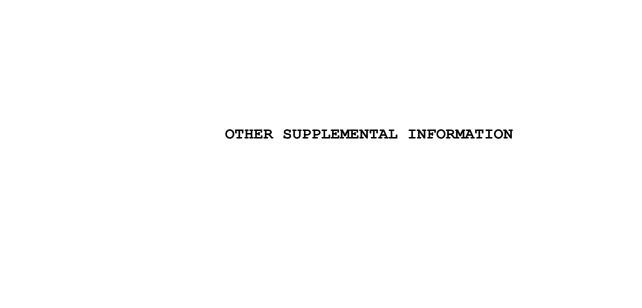
		Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	Am	riance with ended udget
		<u>-</u>		<del>-</del>		_		<del>-</del>
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	88,482	\$	86,482	\$	87,132	\$	650
Tax administration fees		25 <b>,</b> 000		25,000		27 <b>,</b> 397		2 <b>,</b> 397
SET collection fee		6 <b>,</b> 000		6,000		6,068		68
Maint. Fee - Metro Act		3,000		3,000		3,744		744
State revenue sharing		172,000		172,000		174,193		2,193
Licenses and permits		20,000		20,000		23,015		3,015
Charges for services		14,000		16,000		20,190		4,190
Interest income		3,500		3,500		4,666		1,166
Special assessments		2,475		2,475		2,425		(50)
Miscellaneous		9,332		9,332		4,850		(4,48 <u>2</u> )
Total revenues		343,789		343 <b>,</b> 789		353 <b>,</b> 680		9,891
EXPENDITURES								
General government		309,468		340,760		304,463		36,297
Public safety		71,850		73,065		71,525		1,540
Public works		14,775		14,905		5,218		9,687
I dolle works	-	14,775		14,000		5,210		<u> </u>
Total expenditures		396,093	_	428,730		381,206	-	47,524
EVOEGO (DERIGIENOV) OF								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURE	S	(52,304)		(84,941)	)	(27,526)		57 <b>,</b> 415
FUND BALANCE -								
BEGINNING OF YEAR		265,335		265,335		<u> 265,335</u>		
FUND BALANCE -								
END OF YEAR	\$	213,031	\$	180,394	\$	237,809	\$	57,415

### NOTTAWA TOWNSHIP REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

#### LIBRARY FUND

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

		riginal Budget	 Amended Budget	 Actual	A:	ariance with mended Budget
REVENUES Property taxes State revenue sharing Fines Charges for services Interest income Miscellaneous	\$	150,000 2,800 26,000 2,000 5,000 14,300	\$ 150,000 2,800 26,000 2,000 5,000 14,300	\$ 154,080 5,228 20,767 3,001 5,615 16,424	\$	4,080 2,428 (5,233) 1,001 615 2,124
Total revenues		200,100	200,100	205,115		5,015
EXPENDITURES Recreation and cultural		193,800	 193,800	 168,092		25 <b>,</b> 708
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		6,300	6,300	37,023		30,723
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		324 <b>,</b> 285	 324,285	 324,285		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	330,585	\$ 330,585	\$ 361,308	\$	30,723



#### GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

#### ASSETS

		2006	 2005
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	201 <b>,</b> 472 297	\$ 218,102
Due from other governmental units		30,887	33,552
Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures		19,823	 18,940
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	252,479	\$ 270,594
	7.1.00		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BAI	LANCE		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	14,165	\$ 3 <b>,</b> 935
Accrued payroll and taxes Due to other governmental units		505 —	769 <u>555</u>
Total liabilities		14,670	5 <b>,</b> 259
TOTAL TIADILITIES		14,070	3,233
FUND BALANCE			
Reserved for special assessments Unreserved		6,150	4,859
Designated for fire protection		60,000	40,000
Undesignated		171 <b>,</b> 659	 220,476
Total fund balance		237,809	 <u> 265,335</u>
Total liabilities and			
fund balance	\$	252 <b>,</b> 479	\$ 270 <b>,</b> 594

#### GENERAL FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended June 30, 2005

	2006						
			Variance-				
			Favorable	2005			
	 Budget	<u> Actual</u>	<u>(Unfavorable)</u>	<u> Actual</u>			
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 86,482	\$ 87,132	\$ 650	\$ 77 <b>,</b> 404			
Tax administration fee	25 <b>,</b> 000	27 <b>,</b> 397	2,397	26,145			
SET collection fee	6,000	6,068	68	6 <b>,</b> 592			
Maint. fee - Metro Act	3,000	3,744	744	3,608			
State revenue sharing	172,000	174,193	2,193	170 <b>,</b> 673			
Licenses and permits	20,000	23,015	3,015	24,489			
Charges for services	16,000	20,190	4,190	14,582			
Interest income	3,500	4,666	1,166	4,857			
Special assessments	2 <b>,</b> 475	2,425	(50)	2,425			
Miscellaneous	 9,332	4,850	(4,482)	7,109			
Total revenues	343 <b>,</b> 789	353 <b>,</b> 680	9,891	337,884			
EXPENDITURES							
Township Board	88,921	84,109	4,812	53 <b>,</b> 931			
Elections	2,500	1,079	1,421	6 <b>,</b> 576			
Supervisor/Assessor	58 <b>,</b> 511	58 <b>,</b> 409	102	49,459			
Clerk	42 <b>,</b> 687	40,526	2,161	27 <b>,</b> 927			
Board of Review	1,150	1,115	35	1,148			
Treasurer	45 <b>,</b> 699	36,719	8,980	33 <b>,</b> 632			
Township Hall	13,547	23,049	(9,502)	55,884			
Cemetery	87 <b>,</b> 745	59 <b>,</b> 457	28,288	96 <b>,</b> 262			
Fire Protection	50,000	47,000	3,000	32 <b>,</b> 684			
Building code	19,865	21,625	(1,760)	23,387			
Planning/zoning	3 <b>,</b> 200	2,900	300	2 <b>,</b> 550			
Highways	10,100	3 <b>,</b> 780	6,320	8 <b>,</b> 750			
Special assessments	2 <b>,</b> 605	610	1,995	1,295			
Street lighting	 2,200	828	1,372	<u>2,255</u>			
Total expenditures	 428,730	381,206	47,524	<u>395,740</u>			
Excess (deficiency)							
of revenues over expenditures	(84,941)	(27,526)	57,415	(57 <b>,</b> 856)			
FUND BALANCE - Beginning							
of year	 265,335	<u>265,335</u>		323,191			
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 180,394	<u>\$237,809</u>	<u>\$ 57,415</u>	<u>\$265,335</u>			

## LIBRARY FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

#### ASSETS

		2006	 2005
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	343 <b>,</b> 006	\$ 302 <b>,</b> 510
Due from other governmental units		25,388	 29,308
Total assets	\$	368,394	\$ 331,818
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	E		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and taxes Due to other funds	\$	1,571 4,115	\$ 2,680 3,353
Deferred revenue		1,400	 1,500
Total liabilities		7,086	7 <b>,</b> 533
FUND BALANCE		361,308	 324,285
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	368,394	\$ 331,818

#### LIBRARY FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended June 30, 2005

		2006						
				Variance- Favorable	2005			
		Budget	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Unfavorable)</u>	<u> Actual</u>			
REVENUES	Ċ	150 000	¢1 F 4 000	ć 4.000	¢140 010			
Property taxes	\$	150,000 2,800	\$154,080 5,228	\$ 4,080 2,428	\$149,812 6,295			
State revenue sharing Penal fines		26,000	20,767	(5, 233)				
Charges for services		2,000	3,001	1,001	2,478			
Interest income		5,000	5,615	615	3,597			
Miscellaneous		14,300	16,424	2,124				
Total revenues		200,100	205,115	5,015	204,776			
EXPENDITURES								
Wages - full time		59 <b>,</b> 700	59 <b>,</b> 700	<del>-</del>	57 <b>,</b> 400			
Wages - part time		36,500	30,873	5 <b>,</b> 627	34,118			
FICA expense		7,500	6,929	571	7,000			
Magazines		1,400	1,220	180	549			
Recreation program		3 <b>,</b> 200	2,190	1,010	2,554			
Operating supplies Contractual services		6,000 6,700	4,197 6,558	1,803 142	4,650 5,436			
Communications		2,500	1,755	745	2,372			
Internet		1,200	1,045	155	2,340			
Utilities		5,500	4,849	651	4,942			
Transportation		650	618	32	440			
Insurance		4,000	3,662	338	3,662			
Repairs and maintenance		4,200	2,744	1,456	3,500			
Building improvements		7,000	5,017	1,983	15,618			
Inservice and training		800	557	243	120			
Printing		1,700	1,122	578	1,698			
Miscellaneous Books and videos		1,000 32,000	777	223 5,362	941 31,715			
Equipment		12,250	26,638 7,641	4,609	5,095			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,				
Total expenditures		<u>193,800</u>	168,092	<u>25,708</u>	184,150			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		6 200	27 002	20 722	20.626			
expenditures		6,300	37,023	30,723	20,626			
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year		324,285	324,285		303,659			
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$	330,585	<u>\$361,308</u>	\$ 30,723	<u>\$324,285</u>			

#### TAX COLLECTION FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

	200	6	200	5
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	297	\$	
LIABILITIES				
Due to General Fund Due to Library Fund Due to other governmental units	\$	297 - -	\$	- - -
Total liabilities	\$	297	\$	

## TAX COLLECTION FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Balance July 1, 2005	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2006	
ASSETS	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$2,542,120</u>	<u>\$2,541,823</u>	<u>\$ 297</u>	
LIABILITIES					
Due to General Fund Due to Library Fund Due to St. Joseph County Due to Nottawa School Due to Centreville School Due to Colon School Due to Mendon School Due to State of Michigan Due to Centreville DDA Due to other	\$ - - - - - - - - -	140,101	1,554,516 167,937 439,921	\$ 297 - - - - - - - - -	
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	\$2,542,120	\$2,541,823	\$ 297	